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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/510,603	04/19/2005	Roy Lyon	620-340	3612	
23117 75	90 11/06/2006	•	EXAM	EXAMINER	
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC			LAVINDER, JACK W		
ARLINGTON,	LEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOC VA 22203	OR .	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3677		

DATE MAILED: 11/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/510,603	LYON, ROY				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Jack W. Lavinder	3677	•			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by see the preceived by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUN RR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communicati BBANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
	-	This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for alk		tters, prosecution as to the merits.	is			
,—	closed in accordance with the practice und			.0			
Dispositi	ion of Claims	,	•				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 30-46 is/are pending in the applic	ation					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>30-46</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	nd/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		by the Examiner				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co			(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
	application from the International Bu		received in this National Stage				
* S	see the attached detailed Office action for a		traceived				
		or and doranted dopied no					
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/19/2005,10/8/2004</u> .	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claim 37 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The specification fails to disclose the interaction between the tagging gun and the teeth on the common spine. How do the teeth assist in the operation of the tagging gun?

Drawings

3. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the tagging gun and the interaction between the tagging gun and the teeth on the common spine must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure

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is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

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5. Claims 30-33, 35 and 36 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wada, 6735895.

Re claim 30, Wada discloses

- a flexible cord (4) formed from several fiber strands which have been twisted together (figures 2a-2c, col. 10, lines 8-15)
- a T-shaped member having a plastic cross bar and down bar (3, 3a, col. 8, lines 61-62, figures 1a & 1b)
- a terminal member (2)

Re claim 31, Wada discloses a cord to be generally limp and without resilient tendency to return to an initial position, i.e., if a user bends the cord (4) and forms a crease in the cord, the cord will not return to its initial position.

Re claim 32, Wada discloses a down bar formed with an enlarged flange (3a) molded around the cord (4).

Re claim 33, Wada discloses that the flexible cord can be made from a natural material (col. 10, lines 8-15).

Re claim 35, Wada discloses an assembly of a plurality of attachments, as previously defined with respect to claim 30, having a common spine (14a or 15a, figure 9a).

Re claim 36, Wada discloses an extension bar (15b, 15c) extending from the common spine (15) to the cross-bar of the t-shaped member (figure 10a, 10b, 13a).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 34 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wada. Wada discloses that the cord (4) can be made from natural materials. Cotton is known to be a natural fiber and it is also known to use cotton strings on tags because of its flexibility, strength and cost. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use cotton to make Wada's cord (44).
- 8. Claims 38-46 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wada in view of Derringer, 4554711 and Kato, 4636347.

Re claims 38-42, Wada fails to disclose the apparatus for molding the assembly with the common spine. However, Derringer discloses that it is old and well known to use molds to form an assembly with a common spine similar to Wada's assembly. The cord in Derringer is not made from a separate cord material and therefore doesn't show a string or cord being placed in the mold to complete the final assembly. Kato teaches that it is old and well known to use a mold for forming a fastener with a cord (12) placed in the mold, molding plastic parts to and around the cord (figure 6) and then severing the excess string in the appropriate places to form the fastener (figure 8). It would have been obvious to make Wada's assembly using Derringer's and Kato's teachings

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(methods and apparatuses) in order to mass-produce the assembly in a quick and cost effective manner.

Re claims 43-46, Kato discloses the method steps of molding the plastic parts (11, 14) to the cord (12, 17) and then ejecting the parts from the mold and pulling the string to pull the fastener from between the molds while positioning the string for a further molding operation (col. 3, lines 53-end, col. 4, lines 1-16). The cord is then cut between the fasteners to separate the individual fasteners.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jack W. Lavinder whose telephone number is 571-272-7119. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Friday, 9-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Swann can be reached on 571-272-7075. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Jack W Lavinder
Primary Examiner
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